

# **CONSTITUTION OF THE** **HINDUSTHAN NATIONAL PARTY**

## **Article-1: NAME OF THE PARTY.**

1.1 The name of the party shall be "HINDUSTHAN NATIONAL PARTY"

1.2 The address of the party shall be at No.103/68, College Road, Nanganallur, Chennai-600 114.

## **Article-2: OBJECTIVES.**

2.1 The party shall bear true faith and allegiance to the Constitution of India as by law established and stand committed to the values as enshrined therein, especially in its preamble.

2.2 The Party is committed to nationalism, equal treatment for all, democracy and values enshrined in the concept of Dharma and sarva Panth Sambav, based upon the Human Values, Culture and unique genius of this land. The territory of India is sacrosanct and will be protected at all costs from fissiparous forces within and outside the land.

2.3 Providing good governance, building a strong and united India based upon universal principles of liberty, fraternity, equality, ethical and moral values is the basic philosophy of the Party.

2.4 Religious, regional, linguistic and all other forms of fundamentalism and extremism in the public sphere will be dealt with firmly and without compromise.

### **2.5 Secularism:**

2.5.1 The state shall not discriminate between citizens on the basis of religion, caste and way of worship.

2.5.2 There shall be uniform laws for all citizens, Civil as well as Criminal Laws in all states and the Labour Law will be amended.

2.5.3 All citizens shall be equal before the laws of the state. Hindusthan National Party will work to implement secularism in its true letter and spirit. There will be no special consideration, subsidies or privileges will be given on grounds of religion or 'ethnicity'.

2.5.4 There shall be no 'conversion' whatsoever from one religion to another.

## 2.6 Nationalism:

Hindusthan National Party will give top priority to the restoration and preservation of the unity, integrity and security, both internal and external of India. It will adopt policies which leads to 'Jankalyan' or welfare of the common man, uniformity and evenly all over the country. Patriotic values will be imbued in all citizens as part of education.

## 2.7 NATIONAL SECURITY AND TERRORISM:

All shades of Terrorism, like home-grown, cross border, financial-hawala, narcotic, arms-smuggling, fake currency trade, spying and espionage will be treated as war crimes against India and the extreme penalties applicable shall be enforced by Special War Crimes Tribunals to be set up. Law enforcing agencies and armed forces shall be given a free hand to deal summarily with terrorists and rioters.

## 2.8 CORRUPTION

Corruption will be stamped out with an iron hand – in all spheres. Indian black money lying in Safe Heavens will be sought out and all steps necessary to repatriate the money to India and take legal action including forfeiture of the entire sum taken against the corrupt. Hindustan National Party will take all necessary steps in the matter.



## 2.9 UNTOUCHABILITY

Discrimination in public places against any person or group based on religion, caste or language within India will be dealt with severely under the existing laws and offending individuals or groups will be subject to draconian punishment, regardless of their religious or other affiliation. However desecrating, denigrating, intruding or deliberately trespassing into any Place of Worship by persons who do not observe the rules of cleanliness, or rites of purity and traditions of the particular place of worship or invading such places for politics, profits or propaganda shall not be permitted.

## 2.10 EDUCATION:

Hindusthan National Party will ensure Free and Top Quality Education from nursery to 12<sup>th</sup> std to all children all over India. Talented and meritorious students from poorer families shall be funded by government for all higher study. There will be a uniform syllabus throughout the country. Education in Human Values, Indian languages, Indian History and culture will be an essential part of the curriculum.

## 2.11 LANGUAGE:

Regional language of a state will be its "Mother Tongue" and it will be a compulsory major subject for all students from primary to class 10. Additionally all students will study one of the Indian languages other than the mother tongue. English will form part of the curriculum, since it is a global link language. Students will have the freedom to choose English or the regional language as the medium of instructions upto the Secondary level. Hindustan National Party will implement the Three language Policy as enunciated in our Constitution.

## 2.12 RESEARCH:

Research will be a major thrust area of Hindusthan National Party. The many Government Research Organisations established in various fields will be strengthened by suitable budget. Staff etc., While the Government will lay down policies, such institutions will function autonomously. It will be ensured that persons with the proper

qualification will only be selected for each branch and bureaucrats or political appointees will not be allowed to head these institutions.

### 2.13 EMPLOYMENT:

Hindusthan National Party will create additional jobs throughout by organising , training and setting up self-help groups from production at the village level upto marketing the products globally. Co-“ancillarise” their product to the maximum extent and form out as much of the work as possible to village and cottage level SHGs . By these and other means, the Hindusthan National Party hopes to ensure employment to atleast one person per family.

### 2.14 LAW AND JUDICIARY:

2.14.1 The present laws in India date back to the oppressive era of British imperialism, colonialism based on the need to keep the conquered land and its people in perpetual enslavement. The law needs to be re-drawn to suit the environment and societal needs of India and its citizens of today. The Judiciary should be insulated from political interference and corruption. Appointment of judges should be on consideration of pure merit, clean unimpeachable record, wide knowledge of the laws as well as understanding human nature and outstanding ability by transparent process by the judiciary.

2.14.2 Process delays must be eliminated and procedures made simple, affordable and fast for the poorest litigant.

2.14.3 Every institution and individual, public, government or private shall come within the purview of the Right to Information Act in all matters except those of purely personal and pertaining to defence of the country in nature.

### 2.15 AGRICULTURE AND FARM LABOUR:

2.15.1 Agriculture lands shall not, except in the rarest of rare cases, be diverted for other use. If absolutely necessary for strategic or other reasons of the State, the farmers displaced shall be provided equal arable land and all assistance necessary for resettling there.



2.15.2 The discontinuation of agriculture from agricultural lands will be treated as an offence. It is the state's duty to provide assistance wherever necessary and ensure adequate water supply, electricity, fair price etc.,

2.15.3 All cultivable lands which have fallen into disuse due to lack of adequate irrigation, failure or neglect of irrigation schemes,

encroachment, pollution by industry will be reclaimed and restored to the farmers on priority. All out efforts will be made to bring the lands under agriculture, and for distribution to the landless agriculturists.

2.15.4 Agricultural products should be procured by the government or agricultural co-operatives and distributed in the market, eliminating middle men and reduce the cost to consumers.

2.15.5 Farmers will be assured of a reasonable price for their products, suitable price support, storage and distribution arrangement will be made to smoothen out production-supply-demand fluctuations.

2.15.6 Irrigation will be improved by Rain Water Harvesting , reclaiming of old and neglected, polluted or encroached water resources and building new ones.

2.15.7 Proper scientific training, education and inputs, improved seed will be provided for farmers. However the safety of the land, its product and the consumer will be paramount, and un-tested and potentially injurious processes will not be permitted.

2.15.8 A scheme of Government insurance shall be made for the farmer's superannuation as well as relief during times of drought flood etc.,

## 2.16 **RELIGIOUS:**

2.16.1 Government control over the Hindu Places of Worship will be removed and all temples will be restored to management by Hindus.

2.16.2 Properties of the temples which have been encroached upon, illegally occupied or alienated or exploited by unscrupulous elements will be restored to the temple for proper management. Adequate compensation at market rates will be paid to the temple for the property taken over by the State for secular or other purposes.

2.16.3 Embezzling or misuse of temple funds or other assets will be treated on par with crimes against the State.

### **Article 3: REHABILITATION AND RESETTLEMENT.**

Special attention will be paid to resettlement, rehabilitation, and preventing the exploitation of the following classes of refugees from various forms of religious and political oppression and victimisation.

- Hindu refugees from Pakistan, Bangladesh, Pak Occupied Kashmir and Ceylon.
- Refugees due to communal terrorism within India
- Displaced people due to state failure and political class was.
- Displaced people due to natural calamities i.e. flood, tsunami, earth quake, forest fire etc.,
- Displaced people due development of various major irrigation schemes, special economical zones for Indian and foreign multi national companies.
- Destitute women and children due to dowry, divorce, desertion and domestic violence.

> To do and Take all such actions as are or may be deemed incidental to or conducive to the attainment of all or any of the objectives of the Party. And it is hereby declared that the objectives mentioned in the foregoing are independent main objectives and shall in no way be limited or restricted by any references from any other paragraph or clause.



**Article 4:STRUCTURE OF THE PARTY.**

4.1 The Party will have ONE National President, FOUR Vice-Presidents, FOUR General Secretaries, Assistant Secretaries, ONE Office Secretary and ONE Treasurer.

4.2 The Party will have in each state ONE President, TWO Vice Presidents, ONE General Secretary, FOUR Assistant Secretaries, ONE Office Secretary and ONE Treasurer.

4.3 The Party will have a CORE Committee of not less than 15 members consisting of eminent Lawyers, Economists, Scientists, Doctors, Historians, Social Workers, Educationalists, Philosophers, Administrators, Executives etc., which will evolve policies and guide the party functioning.

4.4. The Core Committee will formulate Party policies and monitor all the committees to see whether the formulated policies are being implemented. All committees including the National Committee will function under the supervision of the Core Committee.

**COMITTEES**

4.5 A National Committee will be constituted comprising of TWO members from each state and the committee will be presided over the National President or in his absence one of the National Vice-Presidents or National General Secretaries. The National Committee will transact the affairs pertaining to all the States and Union Territories of India.

4.6 National Sub-Committee will be constituted in each field wherever necessary from among the members. Such committees will be presided over by one of the National Vice Presidents or one of the General Secretaries or one of the assistant Secretaries

4.7 The duties of National Sub-Committees will be to assist National Committee in spreading of its policies and also report the results

to the concerned General Secretary. The National Sub-Committee will liaise with the State Committees to study the results.

4.8 A State Committee will be constituted comprising of members at the ratio of  $1/4^{\text{th}}$  from the Parliamentary Constituency contesting members, plus  $1/6^{\text{th}}$  of the Assembly Constituency contesting members and 20 to 25 members as the situation may warrant from Local body contesting members.

4.9 The state shall constitute sub-committees constituency wise i.e. Parliamentary Constituencies, Assembly Constituencies and that of Local Bodies.

4.10 The Parliamentary Constituency Committee will comprise of a President, a Secretary, a Treasurer and 30 committee members comprising of THREE Assembly Constituency contesting members plus  $1/4^{\text{th}}$  of the Local Body Contesting members within that particular Parliamentary Constituency.

4.11 The State Assembly Constituency will comprise of a President, a Secretary, a Treasurer and committee members comprising of ONE member, each from the Local Body Committee in that particular Assembly Constituency.

4.12 The Local Body Sub-Committee will comprise of a President, a Secretary, a Treasurer and 10 members all elected from the ordinary members of the Party.

4.13 The President of a Parliamentary/Assembly/Local Body Sub-Committee will be the person selected for contesting the ensuing election respectively.

4.14 A Finance Committee both National and State will be constituted to look into the financial aspects of the Party. The concerned Treasurer will preside over the meetings.

4.15 The National Finance Committee will consist of SEVEN members selected from the State Treasurers.



4.16 The State Finance Committee will consist of ELEVEN members selected from among the state's sub-committee Treasurers.

4.16 A National Disciplinary Committee will be constituted consisting of a President selected from National Vice Presidents or National General Secretaries, One member from the National Committee Four from State Secretaries and Two from State Presidents.

#### **Article-5: HOW THE COMMITTEES WILL FUNCTION.**

##### **National Committee**

5.1 The National Committee will meet once in a year and will be presided over by the President of the Party or in his absence a General Secretary.

5.2 There shall be National General Body meeting once in three years to be presided over by the National President or in his absence the General Secretary.

##### **Finance**

5.3 The State Finance Committee will meet once in THREE months and compile its business in the State for the previous period and submit its detailed periodical statement to the National Finance Committee.

5.4 The State Financial Committee will have overall supervision on the functioning of the financial affairs in the Sub-Committees of the State .

5.5 The National Finance Committee will supervise the functioning of the State Finance Committee and will meet once a year to study the functioning and business of the State Finance Committees and submit its report to the President of the Party.

5.6 The Party shall collect funds through street hundi collection by its authorized members and also the Party shall accept any amounts of voluntary donations from eminent persons, or organizations.

5.7 The National and State Treasurers are responsible for safe custody of the funds and proper banking transactions.

### State Committees

5.9 The State Committees will meet once in SIX months and will submit its periodical work report to the National Committee.

5.10 There shall be State General Body meeting once in ONE year to be presided over by the President of State Committee, or in his absence, a vice-president or General Secretary..

5.11 The Constituency Sub-Committees will meet once in a month and submit its work report to the State Committee.

5.12 The President or the General Secretary/Secretary of any Committee shall give notice to all Committee Members, with the agenda of the proposed meeting, informing the members about the date, time and venue of the meeting at least 20 days before the date of proposed meeting in the case of State bodies and 45 days in case of National bodies.

5.13 An URGENT meeting can be requisitioned by a Committee Member giving details of the subject on which he requires discussion in the meeting and supported by at least 5 other members of the same committee. The President, in consultation with the General Secretary/Secretary, if in the circumstances mentioned in the requisition considers that it is necessary to hold the URGENT meeting, the members shall be intimated about the date of the URGENT meeting at least 10 days in advance of the date of meeting in the case of State bodies and 30 days in advance in case of National bodies.

### MEETINGS AND CONFERENCE

5.15 Every State will hold a conference ONCE IN A YEAR to discuss the activities of the party of the previous year and also discuss the present Political atmosphere in that State and submits its resolutions to the National Committee.



The State President may send resolutions to the State Government pertaining to the State subject.

5.16 A National Conference will be held once in TWO years to discuss the working of the Party in all the States and Union territories of India, analyse the national political atmosphere and submit its resolutions to the Government.

#### **Article 6 : MEMBERSHIP**

6.1 Any Indian Citizen who is above 18 years age will be eligible to become a member of the Party.

6.2 Every member at the time of admission will give an undertaking that he is not involved in any criminal offence and that no criminal case is pending against him.

6.3 Every member at the time of admission will given an undertaking that he will be loyal to the party with patriotism and service mindedness and that he will not divulge any confidential matter pertaining to the Party and that he will not do any act detrimental to the Party's or the Nation's interest.

6.4 If any member is desirous of switching over to another party he may do so only after resigning from his primary membership from this Party.

6.5 If any elected person from this Party, in any capacity, or holding any official post on the basis of his/her membership in this Party is desirous of switching over to another party he may do so only after his resigning from the post he holds and his primary membership in this Party.

#### **Article-7 DISCIPLINARY PROCEEDINGS.**

7.1 On a complaint received from any member against any office bearer of any National Committee or the State Presidents, the National President is empowered to institute an enquiry against the delinquent member by appointing a person from within the Party as Enquiry Officer

and such person will be above the rank of the delinquent member and upon his enquiry report, the may take appropriate action against that member.

7.2. On a complaint received from any member in any state, the State President will have similar power as that of the National President in disciplinary proceedings in dealing with any member within his jurisdiction.

7.3 Creating groupism within the party, making false allegation against any member of the Party, indulging in corrupt practice either within the party members or with general public and any other malpractice will be construed as an act detrimental to the interest of the party and the National President or the State President or the Constituency President, as the case may be, the erring member is liable for punishment depending upon the gravity of offence

7.4 If in a later date, a member is found to have involved any criminal offence either before or after his joining the Party, an enquiry will be instituted against him and if the allegations against him is proved, the delinquent member will be dismissed from the party and from the post he holds, if any.

7.5 Any member, whether Ordinary or holding any post, either elected or nominated, if found guilty of any offence, after holding an enquiry against the erring member, the erring member is liable to be suspended for a given period or dismissed from the party depending upon the gravity of the offence committed by him. For petty offences, if the President of any Constituency considers that the offence committed may damage the party in future, the erring member is liable to be fined Rs.100/- to Rs.500/- as the issue may warrant.

7.6 Any member who is aggrieved by the punishment awarded to him, he may appeal to his higher authority. If the erring member happens to be the President of any State, the complaint against him will be enquired by a committee appointed by the National President and upon perusing the report forwarded by the Committee, the National President may take appropriate action to punish him. The aggrieved State President may appeal to the Appellate Disciplinary Committee and its decision will be



final. If the erring member happens to be the National President, the National Disciplinary Committee after thoroughly probing into the issues against the National President, may forward their report to the Special Extraordinary Disciplinary Committee that may be constituted by the National Committee consisting of SEVEN State Presidents for this specific purpose and the decision of the Special Extraordinary Committee will final and binding on the National President.

**Article-8: DELEGATION OF POWER.**

8.1 The National President of the Party will be the ultimate authority in dealing with the affairs of the party. Any decision or order by the National President with the concurrence of the National Committee, will be binding on all the office bearers and members of the Party.

8.2 The State President of the Party will be the ultimate authority in dealing with the affairs of the Party within his State. Any decision or order by the State President with the concurrence of the State Committee, will be binding on all the office bearers and members within that particular state.

8.3 The National General Secretary will be in-charge of all the affairs of the Party within his division and will have the power to supervise and prevail over the State Presidents in his division for smooth functioning and development of the Party.

8.4 The State General Secretary will be in-charge of all the affairs of the Party within his State and will have the power to supervise and prevail over all the Constituency/ward presidents within his State for smooth functioning and development of the Party.

8.5 The State Presidents and the General Secretaries will be responsible for selecting right candidate for Parliamentary and Assembly/Ward in their State without any criminal back ground, moral and with clean hand. Such candidates must be with patriotic, socialistic and service minded. They will also be responsible for good, humble and continuous propaganda of the Party's policies directly in person to the general public. They will also maintain good relationship with the government officials, media and general public. The State President and

the State General Secretary will compulsorily forward the details of the Parliamentary candidate selected by them to the National Committee for scrutiny. If in the opinion of the National Committee, any candidate is found to be defective, on its instruction, such defective candidate will be replaced by another.

8.6 Since the Constituency President happens to be the contesting candidate in the ensuing respective election, he must have contacts with the general public of his constituency and must go on canvassing support to Hindusthan National Party throughout the year.

8.7 When a President of any Committee finds it necessary for immediate action in the interest of Party, he may send his orders by way of circular/notification which will be binding on all members of the committee of his jurisdiction and the effect of such circular/notification can be discussed in the ensuing meeting for rectification, if needed.

#### **Article-9: AUDIT**

9.1 Accounts will be maintained by proper accounting procedures by computerized systems as well as hard-copy back-ups.

9.2 The financial year for accounting purpose will be April to March of the year.

9.3 The State accounts shall be audited by two Secretaries or Treasurer from other States and the National Accounts shall be audited by Chartered Accountant appointed by the National Committee.

#### **Article-10. PARTY WINGS.**

10.1 The Party shall create Women Wing, Students Wing Farmers Wing and other wings as and when found necessary.

10.2 A Trade Union wing will be created under the Trade Union Act to look into the welfare of the working class.

10.3 A social wing shall be created to look into the evils of untouchability and other social evils such as religious clash etc., to



educate the people in Gandhian way for a smooth and cordial human society.

**Article-11.MEMBERSHIP SUBSCRIPTION;**

11.1 Subscription fees for ordinary member will be Rs.180/- per annum, payable in advance and the accounting year for subscription will be January to December. The date of first payment of subscription by a member will be the date of his enrolment in the Party.

11.2 Subscription fees for Life Membership of the Party will be Rs.20,000/-

11.3 If a member does renew his membership on the due date of every year he may renew it by paying a penalty of Rs.5/- per month for late payment.

**Article-12. PARTY ELECTIONS:**

12.1 Election to all posts in the Party, whether in the Constituencies, States or Nation will be held once in FIVE years.

12.2 The election process will start from bottom committee Office Bears i.e Local Body Committees and the members will be elected from the ordinary/life members of the party.

12.3 After completing the Local Body Committee elections, Assembly Constituency election will be held from among the Local Body Committee members or from Ordinary or Life Members as the Local Body Committees may decide by holding internal election.

12.4 After completing both the Local Body and Assembly Constituency party elections, Parliamentary Constituency Committee election will be held from among the elected members of the Assembly and Local Body Constituencies.

12.5 After completing the Local Body/Assembly/Parliamentary Constituency elections each Committee members will elect a President, a Secretary and a Treasurer from the elected Committee members and the

elected President of a Constituency will be contestant for that particular constituency in the ensuing Government election.

12.6 After completing the party's Constituency Presidents the State Committee election will be held from among the elected constituency Presidents, Secretaries and Treasurers.

12.7 The election for the post of State President/State Secretary/State Treasurer will be held from among the elected Parliamentary/Assembly Constituency Presidents, Secretaries and Treasurers.

12.8 After completing the election in Parliamentary, Assembly and Local Body Constituencies in all States and Union Territories, as afore laid, members for National Committee will be elected from among the State Secretaries, State Treasurers and other Committee members.

12.9 For the post of National President, National General Secretaries and National Treasurer, election will be held from among the State Presidents, State Secretaries and State Treasurers.

12.10 All the elected persons will hold their respective office for FIVE years .

12.11 Any post falls vacant on account of elevation of member to a higher committee, resignation, dismissal or death of a member, by a bye election, that post will be filled.

### **Article 13 – QUORUM FOR MEETINGS.**

13.1 In every meetings 51 % of the total strength of the committee members shall constitute a quorum. Any resolution will be deemed to have been passed in a meeting if more than 50 percent present in the meeting have voted in favour of the resolution.

13.2 Normally, the President of any Committee will not vote on resolution; but, if the voting ends in tie, the President may cast his vote to his choice.



**Article : 14 CONDUCT OF THE COMMITTEE MEMBER.**

All the elected Committee members are expected to participate in the meeting whenever it is held without fail. If for any reason he is not able to attend the meeting, he should intimate the same in advance to the secretary of the Committee. However, if any committee member fails to attend and participate in the meeting for three times, consecutively, he is liable to be removed and replaced by another in the usual norms.

**Article – 15 INTERPRETATION OF PARTY CONSTITUTION:**

The National Committee has the power and authority to interpret the Articles and Rules of the party Constitution and also import thereof whenever an occasion arises for the same. The National Executive decision in respect of the above shall be final and binding on all members of units.

**Article-16 AMENDMENTS TO THE PARTY CONSTITUTION:** The Constitution of the Party can be amended, modified, altered or added to, only by the National Committee of the Party.

**Article – 17 THE PARTY FLAG.**

The Party flag shall have a fully yellow background having a length of one and half times the width. A motif in red colour of a symbolic sun and moon in the middle will be printed on the yellow background . The sun will be on the mast side of the flag.

**Article – 18 ELECTION SYMBOL.**

The election symbol of the party will be SUN FLOWER.

**Article – 19 – MERGER/ALLIANCES.**

19.1 The National Committee may take any decision on allowing other Parties to merge with the Hindustan National Party or Hindusthan National Party with another, without causing any detriment to the interest of the Party's electorate and Vote Base.

19.2 The National Committee may take decisions on any Electoral Alliances at State or National level with other Parties.

**Article-20 DISSOLUTION OF THE PARTY.**

The Party can only be dissolved by a two-thirds majority decision at a National Conference to be specially summoned for this specific Agenda, at which all National, State, Assembly and Parliamentary Constituency committee members and office bearers will be present. The Committee will also decide upon liquidation and equitable disposal of all the assets and liabilities, by an Official Liquidator.

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